McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XX. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1883. NUMBER 44

McKean County Miner

H. F. BARBOUR, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via. N. B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport at 10.45 a. m. and arrives at 3.45.

Mail via. B. N. Y. & P. (Vermont Branch) arrives at 1 p. m. and leaves at 2 p. m.

Vermont & Collegrove Mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at 2.30 p. m.

Kasson Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m. and departs at 2 p. m. of same days.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 12 m. and 2.30 p. m.

Office open every week day for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 338, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

J. A. HOLDEN, W. M.
O. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 191, meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.
WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post 241, G. A. R., meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

D. F. WRIGHT, Com.
J. K. GRAHAM, Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at Masonic Hall

C. H. BECKWITH, N. G.
W. H. WESTENDALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. HURRELL, pastor. Preaching Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Class Meeting at 2.15 p. m. Sabbath School at 11.45 a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Teachers Meeting on Tuesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

BAPTIST.—F. H. GAYER, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 7 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in each month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

EPISCOPAL.—J. HENRY MCCARROLL, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Barlow.
Asst Burgess—M. J. Armstrong.
Council—D. C. Young, Wm. Haskell, A. R. Armstrong, Sheridan Horton, Ransom Beckwith, Wm. Mayer.
Constable—F. D. Wright.
School Directors—Jas. S. Gleason, H. L. McCoy, J. W. Brennan, J. C. Backus, E. L. Keenan, H. C. Wilcox.
Justices—O. M. Smith, P. Ford.
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Superintendents—J. C. Hamlin, A. D. Burbank.
Judge of Election—S. Gorton.
Inspectors—S. Watkins, D. A. Easterbrook.
Assessor—O. M. Smith.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; T. M. Fuller, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Kauffman, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly—David Sherrett, Smethport.
District Attorney—K. McSweeney, Smethport.
Sheriff—A. J. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary—John B. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer—J. W. Brennan, Smethport.
Commissioners—A. C. Palmer, Dallas Cliff; F. B. Johnson, Bradford; A. Rielly, Smethport.
County Clerk—John R. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Commissioners—D. F. Burke, Eldred; A. P. Brewer, F. K. Washburn, A. A. Stevens.
Mercantile Appraiser—F. K. Washburn, Foster Township.
County Surveyor—G. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
County Road Superintendent—H. S. Campbell
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICE'S, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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Agent of the Trustees.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 26, 1876.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, Penn'a, Feb'y 26, 1878.

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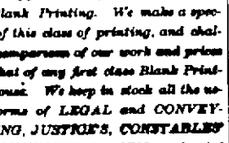
Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts or leases. The deeds give a full description of the lands so sold, or leased, and also the stipulations and limitations on them, drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unsupported by such evidences, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

16-6m (2.)

F. C. PIERCE,



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M. W. SMITH.

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(NOTARY PUBLIC.)

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Room 10, OIL EXCHANGE,

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BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK,

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ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.

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Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

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THRESHERS

SELECT POETRY.

THE KINGS OF FRANCE.

First, Charlemagne did reign,
Then Louis Debonnaire,
And Charles the Bald succeeded him,
While Louis was Charles' heir.

Another Louis on the throne,
With Carloman we see,
But Charles the "Fat" soon takes their place,
Ruler of Germany.

And then the Franks chose brave Count Eudes
Then "simple" Charles comes on,
Then Rudolph reigns for thirteen years,
Then Louis Fourth, Charles' son.

And next in order, King Lothaire,
And Louis Fifth we trace;
These were the last of what is termed
The Carlovingian race

And next arose the Capet line,
The first was Hugh, I wore,
And poore Robert follows on;
With Constance, his proud queen.

And Henry First, and Philip First,
And Louis sixth we see,
And Louis Seventh, called "Le Jeune,"
A troublesome king was he.

Philip Augustus now comes on,
A monarch fond of strife,
And Louis Eighth next takes the throne
With Blanche, his royal wife.

Then Louis Ninth, the "Saint" appears,
And Philip Third, the "Bold,"
And Philip Fourth, the "Fair," is next
Among the kings enrolled,

And Louis Tenth reigns for two years,
Then Philip Fifth we spy,
Fourth Charles, the "Fair," and Philip Sixth,
And John, the "Good," pass by.

Three Charles, Louis Eleventh and
Another King Charles ten,
And Louis Twelfth, the wise and good,
Then Francis comes to view.

Then Henry second, Francis second,
And Charles Ninth come in,
Two Henrys, Thirteenth Louis, and
Then Cardinal Mazarin

Louis Fourteenth, then Orleans,
Regent for seven years,
Louis Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and next
Great Bonaparte appears

Louis, Charles Tenth and Louis Philippe
Are with the lines that were;
Napoleon Third then ruled the land—
The hapless emperor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A SIMPLE RUSE.

"It will be scarcely fair," remonstrated Mrs. Waring.

"All's fair in love or war," Roy replied, laughing.

"But I think, Roy," his mother continued, "that your own heart should decide. You are fickle it seems to me."

"Not so, mother," he said, with a shake of his handsome head. "This is the way the case stands. Maude Wescott and Hazel Fernley are equally pretty, equally accomplished, and equally agreeable; and I admire one as much as the other. I cannot decide which pleases my fancy better, and I dare not fall in love with one least the other prove the more worthy."

The look of perplexity on Roy's face was too ludicrous, and Mrs. Waring, leaning back in her chair, laughed heartily.

"A nice lover you would make," she said. "I certainly do not think either Miss Wescott or her friend would be flattered if they had heard that speech. You remind me of that tender swain who said: 'How happy could I be with either were t'other dear charmer away.' But seriously, Roy, do you intend to carry out the ruse you have planned?"

"Certainly, mother, and now I'll go and prepare myself. Even you will be deceived."

Mrs. Waring shook her head doubtfully, but when, after a half hour's absence her son returned, she could but confess that the disguise he wore completely concealed the identity of handsome, genuine Roy.

In his ragged clothes, slouch hat and short, dark beard where a smooth dimpled chin had been, he looked the vagrant to perfection, and when he swung himself down the road with a swaggering, careless gait, stooping his shoulders slightly, the deception was complete.

Maude Wescott, sitting on the front porch with a book held idly in her pretty, dimpled hand, made a charming picture framed in by the dark green vines that trailed up over the broad, latticed archway.

Her dainty, rounded form was draped in pale pink, with fluttering white sashbows here and there; a pointed black slipper peeped from under the ruffle, showing just a glimpse of the beautifully arching instep; she wore a spray of flowers at her throat and one in her dark braids.

Raising her black eyes slowly at the sound of the gate swinging slowly on its hinges, she saw the shabby figure coming up the graveled path and started angrily:

"Well?" she demanded sharply.

He paused a moment before answering; in truth he was rather surprised at the sudden change.

"I—I am hungry," he began. "Will you please——"

"Do you expect us to feed you?" Miss Wescott sneered, with a scathing glance from her brilliant eyes. "We have something else to do than provide for beggars."

"But I have been traveling all day, and——and"

"That makes no difference to me. Go, I don't want to hear your story, some trumped-up falsehood for the occasion, no doubt. Will you go, or shall I have you put out?"

The man was standing irresolute, with his head bowed as though he had not heard her.

"Will you go? What are you standing there for?" asked Maude, raising her voice shrilly and stamping her slippered foot.

The man raised his head and glanced at her. There was a look in his eyes that somehow moved her strangely, and the dark frown faded from her pretty, brunette face.

A slight flush swept over it as though she was ashamed of her passion, and then sinking back into her chair she took up her book and dropped her eyes uneasily.

When she looked up again the shabby stooping figure was toiling up the hill, and while she watched it disappeared down the green lane that led to Fernley Farm.

Miss Maude shrugged her pretty shoulders.

"Those begging tramps are a perfect nuisance," she thought. "I hope Rob Fernley will whip him off the place, such a mean, miserable specimen of humanity. But his eyes were handsome; they reminded me of—of—you, Roy Waring's. Ah!"

Then she leaned her chin on her hands and fell to thinking of her handsome admirer.

She was not jealous of Hazel, nor was Hazel of her, for each believed that they alone held the first place in Roy Waring's affections.

There was to be a grand ball at Lantern Mansion the following evening, and Maude had devised a bewitching costume, hoping then by the power of her charms, if nothing more, to encourage Roy to speak and ask her the question that she would be only too glad to answer with a "yes."

But if he had ever entertained such a thought it was gone now, as he walked up the narrow road beneath the arching trees and thought of his fallen idol.

He had never deemed it possible that the dark, piquant face he had always seen radiant with smiles, could wear a frown so forbidding; that the brilliant eyes he had met melting with tenderness could flash such looks of rage, that the pretty cherry lips could frame such angry words.

"My fancy is gone. It could never have been love," he said, and wondered what his next reception would be, as he raised the knocker and let it fall again on the door of Fernley Farm.

A pretty young girl with brown hair and eyes, and cheeks like roses, answered the summons.

Roy remembered them that he had occasionally met her with Hazel, and had called her 'Miss Ethel,' but he had never noticed before the pretty curve of her red mouth or the brightness of her brown eyes.

He saw both now as he stood on the low, stone step, and mentally pronounced Miss Fernley's sister a most agreeable looking person.

"I am very hungry. Will you give me something to eat?" he asked, hesitatingly.

"Yes, indeed, come in," she answered, and held open the door for him to enter.

Seated at the kitchen table, he watched her critically as she tripped to and fro, a dainty, little figure in her cambric morning dress with her brown braids coiled closely about her pretty head.

She was not beautiful like her sister, nor bewitching with Maude Wescott's brilliant charms, but here was a pleasant, lovable face, and there was something attractive in her deft, easy manners and soft voice that had in it the cadence of a mild amiability.

He finished the lunch she had set before him and rose to depart.

"You are very kind, Miss," he said.

Then the door opened, and Hazel appeared on the threshold. Roy started with a feeling of deeper disappointment than Maude Wescott's sudden anger had caused.

A dress of pale-blue, soiled and ill-fitting, swept the floor behind her, her golden hair, always his special admiration, was knotted roughly low in the neck, and the short front locks fell over her face in careless disorder.

She put up one hand lazily to conceal a yawn, and glanced him over with sleepy blue eyes.

"What is this man doing here?" she asked, pettishly. "You know better than to bring strangers right into the house, Ethel."

"I have given him a lunch," said Ethel. "He has had nothing to eat since yesterday."

"Oh, very well; but I think you might have brought up my chocolate. I have been waiting for it for over an hour, as you know."

"I forgot it. I am sorry, Hazel," said Ethel, sincerely.

"Oh, yes, selfish thing," Hazel drawled, peevishly, with another yawn; "I've no consideration, I suppose. Why couldn't mamma have prepared it?"

"She is busy, but I'll boil it now for you, Hazel."

"No, you needn't. If I can't have things in their proper time I don't want them at all."

And with a pout, Miss Hazel turned away indolently and closed the door after her.

"Surely, Miss Hazel is always finding fault, and you bear it like an angel," remarked one of the servants, looking up from her work. "If I was you, Miss Ethel——"

"That will do, Susie; attend to your work," said Ethel, calmly, and then she went to the door with the shabby stranger.

When outside on the broad step, she looked up at him with regretful eyes, and said:

"I am so sorry you came here this way. Hazel will be so mortified when she finds out it was you, Waring."

"What!" cried Roy, "you recognized me?"

She nodded gravely, and then smiled in a half amused way.

"I did not know you until Hazel came in," she answered. "You watched us so strangely that I grew curious, and when I looked at you closely I saw something familiar about you, it was your eyes, I think."

Roy pulled his slouch hat lower, and laughed.

"You are very sharp-sighted, Miss Ethel," he said, "I thought my disguise was perfect."

She smiled half sadly. How could she tell him that his face had been before her since their first meeting, that day and night his eyes haunted her, his voice sounded in her ear; that anywhere and under any circumstances she would have known him because she loved him, and love is not easily deceived.

"Don't tell of this, please," he said. "Some time I will give you my reasons for so doing."

"Perhaps I have guessed them already," she said, archly, for with her quick intuition she had surmised the truth. "I will not tell, Mr. Waring. You may trust me."

"Yes, I think I may," he said, and then, Miss Hazel, glancing out of her window, was astonished to see the tramp bend over her sister's hand and press it to his lips.

"What was that for?" she asked, when he was gone.

"For the kindness," "gone," answered Ethel.

"How much interest you take in the miserable creature," said Hazel, with an indolent shrug of her shoulders, and wondered why Ethel answered her with a playing glance.

At Lantern Mansion the next evening Maude Wescott and Hazel Fernley shared the honors equally. Their costumes were a success, their loveliness as attractive as ever, but neither were entitled, for the handsomest, worldliest man there, the only one they especially cared for seemed almost oblivious of their presence, and devoted himself assiduously to pretty Natalie Ethel Fernley.

How they had lost their power over him they could not tell; in fact, they never knew, for Ethel kept the secret well, and no one but she and Roy knew, when they were married a few months later, that he had won her by a simple ruse.—*Quinsware.*

WHY is it so many suffer from rheumatism, aches, pains, kidney diseases, liver complaints, heart affections, etc? It is simply because they will not come and be healed. All diseases begin from a want of iron in the blood. This want of iron makes the blood thin, watery and impure. Impure blood carries weakness and distress to every part of the body. Supply this lack of iron by using Brown's Iron Bitters and you will soon find yourself enjoying perfect freedom from aches pains and general ill-health.

She Plays the Piano with Her Feet.

The spectacle of a young lady seated gracefully in an arm chair playing upon the piano with her feet is seldom witnessed; but at the Dime Museum, Ninth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, Miss Linda Sturgeon adopts this surprising method of producing melody. She also makes use of her feet and toes when she wishes to write, knit or embroider. Miss Sturgeon is the daughter of the cashier of a Harrisburg bank. She was born in Carlisle, Pa., about twenty-three years ago, without shoulder-blades and without control of her arms or hands, those useful members being undersized and withered-looking; but she finds her toes as convenient and manageable as ordinary people do their fingers.

Mrs. Brown and Her Daughters.

Mrs. Brown, the widow of Mr. Buchanan's first postmaster general, is the subject of this little story. She had been married before, and so had Postmaster General Brown, and each had a daughter left over from the first marriage. Then they had another daughter. Mrs. Brown used to present them at her receptions in this way: "This is Miss Brown, Mr. Brown's daughter by his first wife; this is Miss Sanders, my daughter by my first husband; and this is Miss Brown, our joint daughter."

Jupiter's Lottery.

It is said that the god Jupiter once made a lottery in heaven and allowed both mortals and gods to hold tickets. The grand prize was wisdom, and Minerva held the winning card. This caused trouble among the mortals, and Jupiter, to appease them, offered Folly as a second prize, which they all drew, and were highly pleased with it. Ever since that time folly has been held in high estimation by mortals. If they wish to be noted for wisdom they should buy PARCEA of the nearest druggist, and use them for the various ailments which are known to humanity. Thousands are learning wisdom in this regard, and are loud in their praises of these wonderful discoveries of Dr. S. B. Hartman. Buy a bottle and win the prize once carried off by the famous goddess of wisdom.

A Bank With a Large Reserve.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Nevada bank, California, was held Tuesday. J. C. Flood, J. G. Fair, J. W. Mackay, J. S. Flood and J. L. Bradley, who between them hold all of the stock, were re-elected directors. The net profits for the year were $750,000. Half a million of the profits was carried to the reserve fund, making the total present reserve fund $3,000,000. The remaining $250,000 was carried to the new account. The exchange business of the bank foots up $76,000,000.

Mr. Frank Charles, Wrightsville, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best remedy for chills and fever I ever used."

The Lions Kill Cub.

Elder Penstock arose to enquire if any member of the club had heard whether Bob Ingersoll was to lecture this winter or not. No one seemed to have heard anything about it, and the reverend member requested that the secretary be instructed to write to Ingersoll direct and ascertain.

"What am de object?" queried the president.

"I propose dat dis club takes steps to prove dat dar' am a hereafter for the soul."

"You do, eh? If de person who denies such a theory am a fool, de person who acts out to prove what nobody sights of de world already believes am nex' door to an idiot. Set down an' save yer breaf."

"It am you dooty as a Christian man to controvert Ingersoll's argyments."

"It am your dooty as a Christian man to let Bob Ingersoll have all de rope he wants! If you has got de proper faith he can't hurt ye. If yer belief stan' an attack den it am too weak to stan' alone. If, after men and women have believed in God an' hereafter an' heaben for six thousand years a lawyer wid a squeak nose an' a voice like a dog barkin' in a barl, kin come along an' score 'em into fits, somebody had better go to work an' plug up de knotholes an' put new rivets in de j'ints.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Shooting a Goose.

Washington Cor. Boston Traveler.

The regiment in the Army of the Cumberland known as the Indiana Jayhawkers was about as proficient as any that we had, but the 8th Missouri, which was commanded by General Morgan L. Smith, certainly beat anything I ever met. They would steal anything, and it did not make any difference whether they had any use for it or not. When we were in front of Vicksburg they actually stole a grave, and it happened in this way: The 8th Missouri was encamped alongside of my command. One of our men died during the night, and I gave orders that a detail be sent to dig a grave. The ground was of hard clay and it took the men some time to complete their work. They returned to camp, and we took the dead soldier to his last resting place. When we arrived we found the grave filled and a mound showing that some one had evidently been there. Upon investigation I ascertained afterwards that one of the Eighth Missouri had also died during the night and that they had waited until my men had finished their work, and then quietly took possession and actually stole our grave. Steal! Why, these men would steal anything—even a march on the enemy, and sneaker cowards me to my that they were particularly good at it.

No Bootblack

Can be so deep-seated, so malignant and obstinate, that Parmelee's Blood Purifier will not be found helpful. It will effect a cure, if cure be possible. And if you are troubled with boils, salt-rheum, pimples, rough skin or any humor whatever, just give the Purifier a thorough trial and you cannot fail to receive benefit from it. Price $1 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and R. F. Richmond & Son.

A Young Man's Luck.

A son of John F. Andrew, the great war governor of Massachusetts, was married last Thursday to a Miss Harriet Thayer, who is reported to be worth $6,000,000. An item has been going the rounds lately stating that the groom has been earning a living by climbing telegraph poles as a repairer for one of the telephone companies. He won't have to hustle to pay board bills hereafter.

Mrs. Burk, 320, Elmore street, Cham bersburg, Pa., says she has been entirely cured of dyspepsia by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

Why He Quit Drinking.

"Yes, sir," said he, "I've quit drinking, and I'll tell you why."

He was talking to the minister, who had dropped in to pay his wife (one of the fold) a pastoral visit.

The minister listened attentively and delightedly, for he fully expected that it was owing to his counsel that the wise step had been taken.

"I'd listened over and over again to your sermons"—here the minister nodded approvingly—"at funerals, and I could see that it was pretty hard work for you to say something pleasant even about the best of them, and when it came to a discourse over some fellow that died of drink you would have more trouble in five minutes than a man ought to have in six years. When I die I don't want to put a man in such a fix as that. I don't want any 'he was his worst enemy,' or 'he had his faults, who of us have not?' or 'let us draw the mantle of charity,' or anything else of that kind said about me, and that's why I quit drinking."

Success is not by Chance.

It is said that a mere accident placed Whitelaw Reid at the head of the New York *Tribune*. A mere accident may have placed him there, but no accident could have kept him there.—*Ex.*

The above is no truer of persons in the newspaper profession than it is in the thousands of other professions and business occupations in the world. A young man may be suddenly elevated to a prominent position by, as it would seem, a mere chance, but, unless he evinces energy, activity, ability and industry, he will not hold the position by mere chance or through any other medium of favor, but will be summarily bounced.

It matters not whether it be the boy who "rode by chance," secured employment in a grocery store—here his duties are to be ready with sugar and molasses—or the lad who, after years of faithful application, is promoted to the position of foreman of the composing room of a large city daily, the principle is the same. Success is not by chance, but by merit.

Mrs. Barb, 320, Elmore street, Chambersburg, Pa., says she has been entirely cured of dyspepsia by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

Mr. Goldhard Home Again.

The New York *Times* says: "The well-known, if not celebrated, Mr. Frederic Goldhard returned from Europe, unheralded, by the steamship, Arizona, and is now in this city. He went on board the steamer at Liverpool accompanied only by his valet. There were several friends of his on board with whom he spent all of his time. He did not associate with the other passengers at all. Whether or not he went on board under an assumed name is uncertain. His name does not appear on the passenger list at all, and for the first two days his friends called him Gibbs, and he gave that name when he bought a chance on ship pools. After that his friends called him Goldhard without any hesitation. One day a tall Kentuckian, Burnham by name, a son of Judge Burnham, who was first assistant secretary of the treasury under Bristow, went up to Goldhard, who was leaning against a pillar of the smoking-room, smoking cigarette, and said: 'Will you be kind enough to give me a light?' Goldhard looked at him a minute and said: 'I don't think I had better; you might break my cigarette.' Two or three days afterward Goldhard asked Burnham for a light. The latter replied: 'I don't think I had better; you might break my cigarette.'

"One night in the companion-way, two or three young fellows were throwing blankets or rugs at each other. One blanket struck a young fellow—D. R. Greene, from Philadelphia. He turned and threw it at Goldhard thinking that the latter had thrown the blanket at him. It struck Goldhard on the shoulder. He turned quickly, and, seizing Greene by the wrist, said: 'Don't throw your blankets at me.' Greene jerked his hand loose, and, pushing Goldhard up against the wall, said: 'You great baby!' Goldhard said nothing, and Greene, after looking at him a minute, turned away. Goldhard is about six feet high and powerfully built, while Greene is small and slender.

"Goldhard told a passenger on the steamer that he had made $75,000 with Erie this year. He asked the purser on Sunday night to see that none of the newspaper men knew of his arrival. He occupied the room of the first steward. One of Goldhard's friends said he was very free in drinking other people's wine, but very chary about spending his own money for it."

An Avaricious Age.

A great many people call the present age an avaricious one. The American, as a rule, thinks of the almighty dollar in all of his transactions, whether in the pursuit of wealth, health or pleasure. The general tendency of our race is to wealth, and this should be carefully guarded against. The love of money is generally credited with being the root of all evil, but all people seem to be after plenty of the root. It cannot be told from the phraseology of the following whether the writer intended a wholesale cure or whether he wished to go into a little speculation:

JAMESTOWN, Pa.

Dr. R. R. Hartman & Co.—At what price will you furnish Parcea by the gallon? I am afflicted by with hemorrhoids and catarrh. I have taken three bottles of Parcea and it is helping me.

L. B. MOAN.

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L. B. MOAN.

FORTY BILLION GERMS.

A Wonderful Theory That Concerns The Welfare, Happiness and Life of Everyone.

In his quiet and cosy library at the close of a busy day sat a gentleman and his wife, he absorbed in a new book and she in a newspaper. Quickly glancing toward her husband, she asked, at a certain point in the article,

"John, what is the germ theory?"

"The germ theory—well—yes; just look in the encyclopedia under 'germs,' that will explain it so much better than I can."

Accordingly his wife opened the book at the word named and read: Germ Theory of Disease—A theory advanced by the ablest and best investigators and scientists of the times. It supposes the surface of the earth, the air and water to be inhabited to a greater or less extent with a peculiar growth of the lowest form of fungi—commonly termed bacteria, whose power of reproduction, under favorable conditions, is so great that a single germ will increase to fifteen million in twenty-four hours' time, and unchecked in its increase would grow to a mass of eight hundred tons, in three days' time, if space and food be furnished. There is no condition under which it can be said to be absent, unless it be from fire or air filtered through cotton-batting in numerous layers. A single drop of water containing a germ, put into water boiled, filtered, and thus freed from bacteria, will grow murky in a day or two from

McKean County Miner

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H. F. HARBOURD,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 19, 1883.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
WILLIAM LEVIS, OF ALLEGHENY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
JEROME B. NILES, OF TIOGA.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN K. SHOEMAKER, OF SMETHPORT.

FOR CORONER,
RICHARD A. DEMPSEY, BRADFORD TWP.

FOR SURVEYOR,
JOHN KING, OF CERES TOWNSHIP.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY ORGANIZATION

Member of State Committee.

A. C. Hawkins ..... Bradford City.

Chairman of County Committee.

A. J. Barnes ..... Kendall Borough.

Members of County Committee.

Township.	Name.	P. O. Address.
Annin Tp.	Darius Simpson	Turtle Point.
Bradford City.		
1st Ward 1st Dist.	W. J. Millard	Bradford, Pa.
1st Ward 2d Dist.	Wm. Stafford	"
2d Ward	E. J. Powers	"
3d Ward	Jno. Whitcomb	"
4th Ward	H. Shaw	"
5th Ward	N. J. Stanton	"
Bradford Township.		
1st Dist.	W. A. Dempsey	Custer City, Pa.
2d Dist.	E. P. Clark	Bradford, Pa.
Ceres Tp.	W. S. Morse	Ceres, Pa.
Corydon Tp.	Philip Toole	Corydon, Pa.
Duke Center.		
1st Dist.	W. H. Graves	Duke Center, Pa.
2d Dist.	W. H. Burdick	Khiard, Pa.
Eldred Boro.	A. D. Gould	"
Eldred Tp.	A. S. Carpenter	"
Foster Township.		
1st Dist.	J. H. Parkhurst	Derrick City, Pa.
2d Dist.	S. K. Mackelhaney	Dallas City, Pa.
Hamlin Tp.	Jno. Buford	Kennedy, Pa.
Hamilton Tp.	W. J. Bartholomew	Kinzua, Pa.
Keating Township.		
1st Dist.	J. H. Dunkle	Smethport, Pa.
2d Dist.	W. H. Fisher	Aiken, Pa.
Kendall Boro.		
1st Dist.	J. A. Brownson	Kendall, Pa.
2d Dist.	Dr. G. J. Bennington	"
Liberty Tp.	A. J. Hosier	Port Allegany, Pa.
Lafayette Tp.	W. H. Wiggins	Aiken, Pa.
Norwich Tp.	Siegmund Eckert	Colegrove, Pa.
Otto Township.		
1st Dist.	J. L. Bostwick	Duke Centre, Pa.
2d Dist.	S. L. Moore	Mickford, Pa.
Port Allegany Boro.		
1st Dist.	J. Horton, Jr.	Port Allegany, Pa.
Sergeant Tp.	B. de B. Beck	Clermont, Pa.
Smethport Boro.		Smethport, Pa.
Wetmore Tp.	J. T. Griffith	Knox, Pa.

It is true that the Prince of Wales sought an interview with Mary Anderson and that she refused the proposition point blank, then wasn't all honor to the American woman who would not sacrifice self respect for the "attentions" of royalty.

Who would be county treasurer in case McKean should be elected? Rumor says it would be Jim Brooks. This would be highly delightful to a large portion of the democratic party.—*Bradford Star.*

Which portion? Or, is the above intended for what Artemus Ward would call "sarkasm?" If Jim is to be Charley's deputy, who is to be Jim's deputy, and do the real work of the office?

DR. H. S. BARKER, of Bradford, the democratic candidate for coroner, who by the way, receives more attention in the democratic papers than their candidate for county treasurer, is a harmless old gentleman, and would make a respectable coroner. But what a "daisy" of a sheriff he would make, if called upon to fill a vacancy in that office!

THE platform of the democratic party in New York makes no mention of the tariff. Senator George, of Mississippi, advises the democrats to let the tariff severely alone until after they have elected a President. Democracy propose to avoid unpleasant issues until power is secured and then the "band will play." The workingmen and manufacturers of the country will have an era of that "bread and bloom" policy that invites all the nations of the earth to feed at our full board.

WE have heard a number of republican and practical temperance men say within the past few days that they would hereafter vote for free whisky every time. The prohibitionists do it at every opportunity. They did it in Indiana in 1880 and in Ohio in 1883, and deliberately slaughtered their friends and why, say they, shall we continue the futile effort to favor temperance when its cause is in the hands of so ungrateful and treacherous a class of politicians. They are logical at least, if not right.

Charley Melvin has a former years discharged the duties of county treasurer.—*Democrat.*

Charley Melvin was elected county treasurer several years ago, or rather, was permitted to hold the office by the grace of and a satisfactory understanding with the gentlemen who contested his election, but Dr. W. Y. McCoy "discharged the duties of the office" as deputy. The doctor has retired from practice, and perhaps Charley may be able to secure his services again in the same capacity—in the doubtful event of his having an occasion.

No two men in the county did less to secure Shoemaker's nomination or are doing less in his support than are Commissioners Palmer and Johnson. They are both ardent republicans and would be naturally expected to do all they could in support of the county ticket. Yet to avoid any misconception of motive they have from the first scrupulously refrained from any active interest in the treasurership contest. They might have as well, however, disregarded any delicacy in the matter, and exercised the political rights they have in common with other men.

THE statement is published in many of our exchanges that "the bar of McKean county is about to take measures to compel Judge Olmsted to reside in the county." A long acquaintance with Judge Olmsted gives us reason to believe that he is a man not very easily driven, and the "bar of McKean county" would do well to think twice before undertaking to drive him. But we do not think the bar of this county contemplate any such forceful measure at least we have not been so informed. At a recent bar meeting the residence question was discussed in its legal aspects, and the matter was laid over. Our friends on the outside may be assured that no "judicial crisis" is very imminent in this county as yet.

CANDIDATE Joseph Powell is examining horses, tasting cider, and kissing the babies at the county fairs of the northern tier in the hope of getting votes. Vain hope. The experience may be valuable and pleasant, but the premiums will be merely "favorable mention" no "diplomas."

GEN. BEAVER is manfully stumping the western part of the State for the republican State ticket. The gallant General is not the man to be soured by defeat. He is as magnanimous as he is brave. Magnanimity and bravery, however, are twin virtues, and the General possesses both in a high degree.

THE anonymous slanderer of better men than himself who attacks the county commissioners in this morning's *Era* undoubtedly knew that he was not telling the truth, or in plainer language, was lying, when he said they had advanced the price of the board of prisoners at the jail from $2.50 to $4.50 per week. He knows, or ought to know, that the county auditors fixed the price at their annual meeting and it is not $4.50 a week either. It is a matter beyond the commissioners control. The editor of the *Era* ought to know this, and we are surprised that he opens his columns to such a mass of driveling nonsense and monumental lying as is comprised in "Taxpayer's" letter. Has Jordan gone west again, and left the concern in the hands of the boys?

AN anonymous correspondent recounts a number of alleged grievances against the county commissioners in the *Era* of this morning, and argues therefrom that Shoemaker should not be elected because he is their clerk. That the writer is a coward is sufficiently proven from the fact he does not sign his name to his assertions. That he is a liar at heart is also proven from the fact that he deliberately misinterprets the words of the MINER into an assertion that certain acts of the commissioners are worthy of condemnation, which we did *not* say or admit. The official acts of the county commissioners are not under discussion in connection with the treasurership contest. The fact that it is lugged into the contest by the opponents of Shoemaker shows very plainly the poverty of their objections to him as a candidate. His fitness, ability and scrupulous honor is so generally conceded that they dare not attack him personally, and are driven to the paltry and mean necessity of throwing upon him the onus of all the petty enmities that may be engendered against the county commissioners.

IN 1880 in Indiana the prohibitionists came before the two parties and asked for the privilege of voting on an amendment to the constitution regulating or rather forbidding the sale and use of liquor. As usual the democratic convention slapped the prohibitionists in the face and told them to mind their own business and not interfere in politics. The republican party, always believing in the right of the people to declare their views, in a plain unequivocal resolution expressed the right of the people to vote on any question, and went into the campaign on this issue. Here was granted all that was asked, but instead of supporting the party that was aiding them, the prohibitionists did the contrary and the republican party was defeated. This was worse than foolish. It was downright dishonorable, sneaking, and lying. In Ohio the same lying course was pursued with the same result. The republicans granted all that was asked the privilege of voting on amendments to the constitution. With double-dyed hypocrisy the prohibitionists sold out the party that was giving them all the aid they could possibly get and more than they deserved. These people intend to come before the great parties again. The democrats will slap them in the face once more, and to punish their treachery the republicans should do likewise. The republicans in Ohio and Indiana have been betrayed and defeated by the prohibitionists, why trust them further?

THE STATE CANVASS.

The only effect which the defeat in Ohio should have upon the republicans in this State, should be to stimulate them to greater exertions. That it will have this effect there can be no doubt. Here the party is compact and united, with no unhappy local dissensions to endanger success. Although the canvass has thus far been conducted quietly, we are gratified to learn that the State committee have been very active and efficient in prosecuting the work committed to their charge, and that every detail is being carefully arranged.

The offices to be filled are of no great magnitude in a political sense, but they are very important as bearing upon the financial management of the commonwealth and ought to be filled by republicans. The fact has been demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of the people that the credit of the State, as well as the custody of its funds, is perfectly safe in republican hands. The record can be appealed to at any time in support of this assertion, and it is good policy to let well enough alone.

In Messrs. Niles and Livsey the republicans have candidates of undoubted fitness and unspotted integrity. The experience and intelligence possessed by them will be sufficient guarantee against blunders or mistakes of any kind, while their sterling probity will keep them free from even the breath of suspicion. No man can question either their competency or honesty.

While there is no doubt that these excellent candidates will be chosen, it is essential that they shall have a good round majority. This result cannot be achieved without work, and that work must mainly be done in the election precincts. The State and County committees are responsible only for what justly pertains to them. The rest falls upon the active men of the party in the wards, boroughs and townships. We urge these men to be up and doing, that the votes of the Keystone State may be emphatic and potential.—*Com. Gazette.*

IT is just as we suspected. Judge Orvis says there is no truth in the report that he is going to resign to enter into partnership with Senator Wallace.

Prohibition and Parties.

The complete returns from Ohio on the prohibition amendment have been very slow in coming in, but are now at hand. They show that in the heaviest vote ever cast in the State, and with every vote not cast for prohibition counted against it, the amendment lacked less than 46,000 votes of being adopted. Three hundred and nine thousand men declared themselves in favor of preventing the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor in Ohio, enough, with the ordinary light vote of an off year, to have carried the election.

Some deduction must be paid from these figures, to allow for democratic votes given to the amendment in exchange for prohibition votes for Hoadly. The democrats were entirely ready to make this exchange everywhere, being confident that the amendment would be defeated anyway, and quite willing on that account to take the zeal of its supporters contribute to the success of their own ticket. Nevertheless, it must be granted that the bona fide prohibitionists polled in Ohio last Tuesday a formidable vote. They came near enough success to encourage them to continue the agitation and to renew the effort to pass a prohibition amendment. It becomes a matter of serious concern, therefore, what is to be the effect of the controversy on existing parties.

The great body of prohibitionists are republicans on national issues, and it is only in strong republican States that the prohibition question ever has become a serious issue. Where the prohibitionists have been strong enough to control the republican party, as in Kansas, Iowa, Vermont and in Massachusetts, prohibition has carried the day. Where it has fought independently it has, in no single instance, helped prohibition, while it has always weakened and often defeated the republicans. In Ohio the democrats are closely and openly allied with the liquor interest. Yet the course taken by the prohibitionists has thrown the State into the control of that party and insured the passage of no laws in the next two years which are unfavorable to the liquor interest.

The last legislature was republican and while it was not prepared to accede to all the demands of the prohibitionists, it willingly submitted their amendment to the people and taxed liquor higher than it has ever been before in Ohio or out of it. The Scott law is not prohibition, but surely it is better, even in the eyes of prohibitionists, that saloons should be few and liquor costly rather than it should be cheap and for sale at every corner. The newly elected democratic legislature probably will repeal the Scott law and certainly will not permit the test of another vote on prohibition as long as long as democrats control the submission of amendments. Prohibitionists may not be able to gain all they wish from the republicans, but we have yet to learn of a single instance in the north where they have gained anything from their opponents. By putting the republicans out of control for two years the prohibitionists have put an end to their own influence in Ohio for exactly the same length of time.

The republicans as a body respect the high motives, earnest purpose and unquenchable zeal of the prohibitionists. They admit the right, when the majority of the people desire it, of enforcing prohibition by constitutional amendment, though many of them are not persuaded of the wisdom or efficacy of such legislation. The recruits to the prohibition ranks come mainly from the republicans, and their hope lie altogether with that party. Deliberately to work its defeat, therefore, as in this Ohio election, is an instance of self-immolation on the part of the prohibitionists, which speaks more for their uncompromising zeal than for their discretion or ordinary political sagacity.—*Phila. Press.*

Shoemaker the Choice of the People.

As the campaign in McKean county progresses, the people, irrespective of party, are more and more inclined to the opinion that Mr. Shoemaker should be elected county treasurer. There is nothing to be said against the character of Mr. Melvin, but everybody knows who knows anything that he would not go over to Smethport and devote his time and attention to the duties of the office. Mr. Shoemaker has had abundant experience in county affairs, which, added to his natural adaption to such work, makes him pre-eminently the man for the position. If the business were private instead of public nine out of ten of the people of the county would select Mr. Shoemaker for the place, for he is well and favorably known, and is scrupulously honest. There is no politics about the county treasurship, beyond keeping up party prestige, and the people are inclined to look at personal fitness and efficiency. Mr. Shoemaker has no superior in the county, and the people should prefer him to Mr. Melvin's deputy by a large majority.—*Bradford Star.*

THE civil rights law, which Charles Sumner made the chief business of the latter year of his life to push, was swept away yesterday by the supreme court, Justice Harlan alone dissenting. The decision was rendered on five cases, coming up from New York, Kansas, California, Missouri and Tennessee respectively, and raised directly the question of the right of negroes to equal accommodations and privileges in hotels, cars and theatres, under the civil rights act of 1875. The court held that congress had no right under the constitution or amendments to pass the law as respects the states. It is held still to be good in the territories and District of Columbia. Elsewhere in the United States the negro must look for fair play to the state legislatures and local courts.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.—We have before us the November number of this well-known favorite of the ladies' monthlies. It is a splendid number, with a perfect galaxy of steel-engravings, colored fashion-plates, colored patterns, for the work-table, tales, poetry, etc. Undoubtedly, "Peterson" is not only the best, but the cheapest magazine of its kind, being but TWO DOLLARS a year to single subscribers. To clubs it is cheaper still, with great inducements to those getting up clubs. Subscribe to no magazine until you have seen a copy of "Peterson." Specimens are sent gratis, if written for, to persons who wish to get up clubs. Address CHARLES J. PETERSON, 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A SPECK of judicial trouble is developing in McKean county. The bar at Smethport is about to take steps to compel Judge Olmsted, the associate law judge of that county, to move into its limits. The judge insists upon keeping up his residence in Coudersport, Potter county, where he is comfortably fixed. The movement is a novel one and its results will be looked for with much interest by the legal fraternity.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

THE Pennsylvania democrats must not expect to repeat the Ohio success on lying on the legislature candidates in counties.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

TEXAS has over two millions of dollars in her treasury and no special session of her legislature.

IF THE Ohio prohibitionists had it to do over again, perhaps they would know more, but the presumption is rather against it.

MR. HOAR, republican candidate for governor of Massachusetts, comes out squarely and frankly in favor of civil service reform.

THERE is no excitement in politics in Pennsylvania this fall. We have neither the prohibition question or Ben. Butler to wrestle with.

THE *Evening Call*, Philadelphia's new afternoon paper, has reached a daily circulation of over 16,000 copies, and it is not yet a month old.

JUDGE JOSEPH F. FORAKER served his country as a military defender. Let that fact never be forgotten even though Ohio failed to honor him.

MISS. MCELROY, sister of President Arthur, will remain with her brother during the winter, and do the honors of the White House as hostess.

A BALTIMORE judge decides that Maryland law cannot prevent a woman from using her tongue. The courts are considerable behind hand in finding this out.

GENERAL HANCOCK is said to be desirous of becoming the democratic candidate for the presidency. Probably he desires another chance to tell what he knows about the tariff.

A WEEK ago yesterday there were, according to the election returns, 320,000 prohibitionists in the State of Ohio; but the chances are that a good of them have come to their senses since then.

GEN. SWAIM is quoted as saying that he believes that the President will soon pardon Sergeant Mason, who is imprisoned in Albany for shooting at Guiteau. This opinion also prevails among army officers generally. The petition for his pardon contains over 200,000 names.

THE ambitious and peace-loving gentlemen who propose to effect a reconciliation between Blaine and Conkling, when they finish that little job, might take hold and fix up that little difference between Robert Toombs, of Georgia, and the federal government.

SOME people in the Protestant Episcopal church have long been anxious to change its name to the "Holy Catholic" church. But the majority, wisely as we think, is opposed to the change. A proposition of that sort was defeated in the convention at Philadelphia the other day.

THE rejection of the civil rights act by the supreme court of the United States has no political significance, of course; but every old moonshook who occupies his time between drinks by yelling for a A White Man's Government will set it down as a glorious democratic victory.

THE democratic leaders of this State would do well to read the lesson of Ohio to their democratic State and legislative officials at Harrisburg. Had there been a democratic legislature in session in Ohio, sitting since last January and persisting in the session without even a decent pretence of legislating, the democrats wouldn't have carried a score of counties in Ohio.

THE Greene county republicans, in deciding to make no nomination for judge, place the republican party on the right side of the contest against Searight. It is admitted on all sides that Searight is possessed of none of the qualifications for the bench. The Connellsville Courier, one the leading democratic newspapers of Fayette county, opposes the election of the democratic candidate. It now lies between Ingham and Sea right, and the latter stands as many chances of election as he deserves.

For Sale or Rent.

The House, Blacksmith, wagon and carriage shop on Water street, in this borough. Terms easy. Apply at once at JOHN DEIBEL'S Marble works.—1841

STIFF HATS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Wanted—A Good Shoemaker.

A first-class shoe-maker can secure a good situation by calling upon or addressing Peter Dougherty, Smethport, Pa. 39-tf.

WHY is E. K. Thompson's Baroema considered the best known remedy for liver and kidney diseases? Because he has thousands of testimonials from those who have been cured by taking it.

Prepared at Titusville, Pa.

CHILDREN'S SUITS—At Greenewalds', Bradford, Pa.

DR. D. B. DAY, Ridgway, Pa.—Send by stage ½ gro. your Liver Pills, 2 doz. Cough Syrup, 2 doz. Carbolic Ointment, 2 doz. Liniment. Among all the medicines on our shelves, yours are the ones that sell.

Verstine & Sandt, Brookville, Pa.

FALL OVERCOATS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

No other pill could take the place of Dr. Day's Liver Pills; all about I use them. MRS. P. M'TOSHY, Whitestown, Pa.

Restored by Magic.

Has the lake air and wind spoiled your complexion? Do you long for a preparation that will completely remove moth, tan and pimples and leave the skin clear and soft? If so, you have but to buy a bottle of Hamilton's Oriental Balm, which is simply magical in the effect and perfectly harmless. It is used in all the best families and gives unbounded satisfaction. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

Hairdressing.

Switches, curls, puffs, frizzes, waves, etc., made in the best of style. Special attention given to cleaning and dressing ladies' hair. Mrs. A. Shortsleeves and Mary L. McIntyre, corner King and Union streets, Smethport, Pa. 32-1y

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BOYS SUITS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Surveying and Conveyancing.

The undersigned is prepared to execute to commissions in the line of his profession promptly and at reasonable terms. Orders solicited. Office in Buckus building, with Dr. H. L. McCoy.

JOHN KING,
Surveyor and Conveyancer.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 1883-1y.

FALL CLOTHING—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Wanted—A Good Girl.

A girl capable and willing to do general house work of all kinds, and also a good cook, can secure a permanent place with good pay upon application to H. P. DAKE, Jailer, Smethport, Pa. None but a first-class house maid and good cook need apply.

FALL BUSINESS SUITS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Chambermaid Wanted.

An experienced chambermaid can secure permanent situation at good wages by applying at the Grand Central hotel, Smethport.

H. B. SANFORD, Prop'r.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 1883—tf

Always Reliable

Greenewalds', Bradfords' leading Clothiers and Hatters, 191 Main street. No misrepresentations. Money refunded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA

Dizziness, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Chronic Catarrh, Consumption, General and Nervous Debility, Female Complaints, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Malaria, Blood Diseases, Scrofula, Kidney Troubles, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Constipation, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and all Diseases of the Stomach.

If your Druggist is out of our pamphlet, send to the "Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Co.," or if you are suffering under a disease not mentioned in it or in labor and experiment, A. S. Hartman & Co., Columbus, Ohio. (Mention this paper.)

MANALIN Positively Cures Nervousness, Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1 per bottle. Pamphlet free. Manufactured by the Manalin Co., Columbus, O. Directions in English and German.

PATENTS

Obtained, and all other business in the U. S. Patent Office conducted for Moderate Fees. Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington. Send us a model or drawing. We advise as to patentability free of charge, and we make no charge unless we obtain a patent. We refer, here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms, and references to actual clients in your own State or county, write to

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

H. A. SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,
Opposite the Grand Central.
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools.
In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The utmost buyers and Best Agents will find they can buy more for their money at the A. S. than at any other place in the country.
A COMPETENT TINNER
Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!
All Kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Situated in Smethport borough, corner Main and Northern streets. For further information inquire on premises of MRS. L. F. MELVIN. 42tf

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LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale or vendue, at the Court House, in Smethport, on Monday, the 26th day of November, A. D., 1883, at 10 o'clock, a. m., all that certain lot of land situate in Lafayette township, McKean county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the hickory road in the north line of lot No. 36 in the Bingham tract, at the southeast corner of lot No. 37 in said tract; thence by the south line of said lot No. 37 south 89½ degrees west one hundred and fifty-one and one-tenth rods to the southwest corner of said lot No. 37; thence by the south line of said lot No. 36 south 89½ degrees west one hundred and fifty-one and one-tenth rods to the southeast corner of lot No. 35 in said tract; thence by the east line of said lot No. 35 north 89½ degrees east one hundred and fifty-one and one-tenth rods to the southwest corner of lot No. 38; thence by the south line of said lot No. 38 south 89½ degrees west one hundred and fifty-one and one-tenth rods to the southeast corner of said lot No. 37; thence by the east line of said lot No. 37 north 89½ degrees east one hundred and fifty-one and one-tenth rods to the southwest corner of lot No. 36, the place of beginning. Containing forty-five acres and one-quarter of land, be the same more or less, being the south part of lot No. 36 of the subdivision of the Bingham lands in said township and part of Warrant No. 3004 and having the same land conveyed by Byron G. Mason to Joseph Peet by deed dated July 1st, 1868, and recorded in Deed Book Vol. 6 page

Together, with thirteen all wells, thirteen engines, three boilers, all tanks, tubing, casing, machinery, fittings, fixtures, pipes, connections and appurtenances of every description now used, belonging, appertaining and connected therewith; and, also, all and singular the buildings and improvements erected, made or placed upon the above described premises, or any part thereof, and the rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same free of charges to rent or said land may reasonably be enjoyed with the same, or which may be held, occupied, or used therewith, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever of the said party of the first part, as well in law as in equity, of, in, to or out of the said premises and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. L. Haldeman at the suit of D. A. Ellsworth.

A. L. WILLIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Oct. 15, 1883.

Sale by A. Morrison, Fifth Assistant.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Reuben Lafferty, late of Keating township, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them to the undersigned properly authenticated for settlement.

A. J. JONES,
GRIFFITH, } Admr's.

Kane, Oct. 12, 1883. 39-6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Chas. M. Cogswell late of the city of Bradford, Pa., deceased, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and to those having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated, for settlement.

WM. J. PERRY, Adm'r.
GEO. A. SYCKMAN, Att'y.

Bradford, Pa., Oct. 10, 1883. 40-6t.

Auditor's Notice.

Joseph Duke and Mary Parker vs. C. H. Powers and G. A. Morrison.

No. 202, December Term, 1883. In Court of Common Pleas of McKean County.

And, now, 15th, October, on the part of C. A. Johnson for the appointment of auditor, etc., I hereby appoint J. M. McClure auditor.

To the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—TAKE notice, that I will attend to the duties of my appointment as auditor in above stated case at my office in the city of Bradford, Pa., on Monday, the 5th day of November, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., where and when you may attend if you think proper.

J. M. MCCLURE, Auditor.

Bradford, Oct. 12th, 1883. 40-3t.

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE ORPHANS' Court, I will offer at public sale at the office of Geo. A. Sykman, No. 10, Old Exchange, Bradford, Pa., on Tuesday, November 6th, 1883, at 10 o'clock, a. m. The following described pieces of real estate, viz:

All the undivided one-half part of the following described tract of land situate in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of the lands of the Bingham estate conveyed to the said Jonathan Rhodes; thence along the west line of said lot north 1½ degrees west one hundred and sixty-four rods to a post; thence north 89½ degrees west one hundred and sixty rods to a post; thence along the east line of lot No. 3 south 1½ degrees east one hundred and sixty-four rods to a post; thence south 89½ degrees east one hundred and sixty rods to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and sixty-six acres and one-half, be the same more or less, being the south part of lot No. 2 of the subdivision of the Bingham lands in said township and part of Warrant No. 3004 and being the same land conveyed by Byron G. Mason to Joseph Peet by deed dated July 1st, 1868, and recorded in Deed Book Vol. 6 page

Together, with thirteen all wells, thirteen engines, three boilers, all tanks, tubing, casing, machinery, fittings, fixtures, pipes, connections and appurtenances of every description now used, belonging, appertaining and connected therewith; and, also, all and singular the buildings and improvements erected, made or placed upon the above described premises, or any part thereof, and the rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same free of charges to rent or said land may reasonably be enjoyed with the same, or which may be held, occupied, or used therewith, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever of the said party of the first part, as well in law as in equity, of, in, to or out of the said premises and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BEST SHOES.

WHEN YOU WANT

BOOTS AND SHOES

—GO TO—

G. A. GROVES & SON,

NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

They Will Charge You Fair Prices, But They Warrant Their Goods to be Just as Represented.

You Cannot Afford to Buy From Irresponsible Parties.

They Sell the Best At Lowest Prices.

G. A. GROVES & SON,

No. 28 MAIN STREET, - BRADFORD.

TORPEDOES!

THE

ROCK GLYCERINE COMP'Y

Have come to stay, notwithstanding the Monopoly has assured the world that all competitors should be driven out of the field.

They Never Have and Will Not be Undersold.

They manufacture their own stock and it is

THE PUREST GLYCERINE

IN THE FIELD.

They have the most experienced shooters in the business, and there is no shell that can compare with those they use.

STOCK, SHELLS, CANS AND MEN

Always on Hand.

Sign of the

BIG SHELL,

R. A. DEMPSEY, AGENT,

No. 12 Chambers street,

BRADFORD, - - PA

HURRAH! HURRAH!

A CHANCE FOR EVERYBODY!

From 50 to 100 Per Cent. saved!

As a Sample of Bargains Read Below.

Bedroom Suits of 7 Pieces, Only	$16 00
Bedsteads, Castors and all Complete,	3 00
Bed Springs,	1 50
Mattress, Full Weight,	3 00
Mattress, Very Large,	3 50
Bed Lounges,	12 00
Carpet Lounges, the Best, Having from 5 to 6 Springs more than any other Lounge made, only	7 50
Solid Walnut Stands,	1 50
Solid Walnut, Marble Top, Stands,	3 50

The above is but a drop in the ocean compared to Our Bargains.

CALL EARLY AND SECURE THE BEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED.

—AT—

FREEMAN & DREW'S

PALACE FURNITURE EMPORIUM,

No. 93 Main Street, - - - BRADFORD, PA.

LEGAL.

God Save The Commonwealth.

Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, A. D. 1839, I, ALFRED L. WILCOX, Sheriff of the county of McKean, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the said county of McKean on TUESDAY, the 6th day of NOVEMBER, 1883, for the purpose of electing the several officers hereinafter named:

One person for Auditor General of the State.

One person for State Treasurer.

One person for County Treasurer.

One person for Coroner.

One person for County Surveyor.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 12th section of the aforesaid Act I am directed that every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of trust under the government of the United States or this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judicial department of this State or the United States or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, the State Legislature or of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or clerk of an election in this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or any other officer of such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid general election in the several townships and boroughs within the county of McKean are as follows:

The township of Annin at the "Turtle Point School House."

The Borough of Smethport in southeast corner of basement in court house.

BRADFORD CITY.

First Ward—First District—Council Chamber on Pine street.

First Ward—Second District—Office of J. C. Lewis, southeast corner of Pine and Baghdad streets.

Second Ward—Greene's Hotel, corner of Congress and Corydon streets.

Third Ward—Office of Brown & Harris on west side of Kennedy street.

Fourth Ward—Wilkinson & Kennedy's office on Kennedy street near the new mill.

Fifth Ward—Schantz' tank shop on Main street near bridge.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.

District No. 1—At the Derrick School House.

District No. 2—At the Clark School House.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the Fuller House, corner of Main and Boulevard streets.

Second District—At School House on Kennedy street.

DUKE CENTER BOROUGH.

First District—At the Temple School House.

LEGAL.

Second District—At the Eldred School House.

The township of Corydon at Corydon Base School House.

The township of Eldred at Eldred School House.

The Borough of Eldred at Eldred School House.

FOSTER TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the building of Lamberry Brothers at Foster Brook.

Second District—At the Corwin store at Corwin Corners.

The township of Hamlin at the School House near J. K.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 19, 1883.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The label on your paper shows the time to which it is paid. If you want the address of your paper changed, give your address as well as the new one. If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, otherwise you will continue liable if the paper is sent to you whether you take it from the office or not. We endeavor to send out the paper regularly but we cannot be responsible if every mail's paper every week. Our responsibility is with the mails when not received.

The Oil Market.

The following table contains the fluctuations for the week closing yesterday:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
Friday	1.08⅞	1.14⅝	1.08⅝	1.14⅝
Saturday	1.14⅝	1.17⅞	1.09⅞	1.09⅞
Monday	1.09⅞	1.11⅞	1.09⅞	1.10⅝
Tuesday	1.11⅛	1.11⅛	1.09⅞	1.10⅛
Wednesday	1.09⅞	1.10⅛	1.09⅞	1.09⅞
Thursday	1.10	1.11	1.09⅞	1.10⅛

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—Election two weeks from next Tuesday.

—The total number of pensioners in Tioga county is 854.

—The county bridge near the McK. & B. depot is nearly completed.

—Fashion has decreed that the "Mother Hubbard" dress must go. Good.

—There will be the usual services in the M. E. Church next Sunday, conducted by the pastor.

—Attention is called to the advertisement of D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy in another column.

—Jury Commissioners E. F. Clark and D. F. Pattison have been drawing the juries for the December terms this week.

—Will neighbor Hughes, of the *Reporter*, join the democratic hue and cry on the commissioners to beat Shoemaker?

—The county has just received a large quantity of felting covering for the exposed water and steam pipes in the public buildings.

—We intended to publish in this issue a list of the teachers and members of the institute, but received it too late for publication this week.

—Leases have been obtained and another test well will soon be put down a few miles north of the borough. Look out for another thousand barrel-a-day gusher.

—A large delegation of Bradford city school ma'me—twenty-six in number—attended the institute on Thursday, returning by special train after the lecture in the evening.

—When our friends of the *Democrat* receive their copy of the MINER, they will be happy to learn that there was a Teachers' Institute in session in our borough this week.

—A. J. Parker met with a severe accident at the new county bridge a few days since, by standing between two heavy sticks of timber while one was being moved by the workmen.

—Had it not been for the bursting of a pipe the gas would have been turned on at this writing. As it is, in a day or two all who have connections will be able to use gas for fuel or light.

—That was a veritable "moss-back" who refused to lease any of his farm for oil purposes because the oil business was a corruptor of morals! He lives but a few miles from Smethport, too.

—A large audience attended Col. Copeland's lecture last evening to hear "What's to Hinder." He is a wonderful speaker in his way and said many good things and told many good stories

—Sheriff Wilcox left this morning with a gang of prisoners who will rest their Thanksgiving dinner at the hospitable board of the penitentiary. Constable Weaver, of Bradford, accompanying him.

—Colonel Ege, of Bradford, who "got left" in the race for State treasurer in the republican State convention, remarked at the Grand Lodge of Knights of Honor last week, that every male child born in Tioga county is branded with the letter "D" upon his person, meaning politician.—Wellsboro *Gazette*.

—We have received the first number of the DuBois *Express*, a new paper published by B. S. Haag, formerly of the MINER, and H. C. Wilson, of the McKean *Democrat*. It is a very creditable appearing sheet and from the appearance of its advertising columns starts out with a booming patronage. If its succeeding members are as well and carefully edited as the first, we predict for the *Express* a successful career. The proprietors are good printers and not afraid of hard work, and well deserve the patronage of the citizens of DuBois. The MINER congratulates the boys and wishes them a clear tract to fame and wealth.

—The Wellsboro *Gazette* has the following: The desertion of her home by Mrs. Patterson, wife of Rev. C. N. Patterson, of East Charleston which was briefly alluded to last week by the *Gazette*, was a singular transaction. After taking her husband to the train at Mansfield to go to the conference at Rochester, she returned home and prepared for own departure, going away the same night. She sent her daughter to the house of a neighbor to stay all night, who, on returning in the morning, found the house deserted and letters to the husband and child saying that she had gone to remain and they need not expect to find her. There was also an intimation that she had company in her flight. Many rumors concerning her recent actions have gained circulation which would indicate that Mr. Patterson, who is highly esteemed, will be better off without her. She was a woman of striking personal appearance, a pronounced brunette and very engaging in manner. She is a sister of Dr. W. H. Parcels, State representative from Mifflin county, and Rev. D. A. Parcels, of Center City, Pa.

The Musical Festival.

One of the most enjoyable and profitable of the exercises of the institute was the musical instruction under the competent leadership Professor Harrington, of Bradford. A portion of the time of each session was devoted to instruction, and on Wednesday evening a public rehearsal was given, at which the court room was filled, and equal satisfaction given at many set concerts for which long preparation had been made. Valuable assistance was rendered by H. L. McCoy and Miss Mary Hamlin, of this borough, who were not regular members of the institute. The following programme was rendered:

"Anthem" ..... Quartette
Misses Chamberlain and Russell and Messrs. Harrison and Campbell.
"Where Art Thou" ..... Chorus
"Angels of Patience" ..... (Impromptu)
Misses Horton, Bobois, McCoy and Campbell.
"The sky Lark" ..... Bohn
Miss Eva Rose.
"Softly Now the Light of Day"—Rose ..... Soda
H. L. McCoy.
"Oh God, Our Father" ..... Mozart
Miss Hamlin.
"Be merciful Unto Me, Oh God" ..... Quartette
Misses Hamlin and Reed and Prof. Eckels.

We very much regret necessary absence that evening, but judge from expressions of those who were present that the entertainment was highly enjoyable. The singing of the Misses Rose and Hamlin is especially commended.

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

An Unusually Full Attendance and Interesting Session—Full Report of Proceedings.

The subject of most of the waking and perhaps many of the sleeping thoughts of County Superintendent Campbell for many weeks has been the coddling annual teachers' institute, which has been in session at the Court House this week. The success and attendance of the annual gatherings of teachers is looked upon in a great measure as betokening the progress of educational affairs in the county and the usefulness and adaptability to his duties of the superintendent. Mr. Campbell has spared no pains or expense to make this session of the institute a successful one, and to any one who has taken cognizance of its workings and the number in attendance from all parts of the county it is clear that he has not failed in his efforts. The annual institute is an occasion of relaxation as well as benefit to that most useful and in the majority of cases poorly paid body of public servants, except, perhaps it be preachers and editors. Especially to the teacher of the country school, isolated during many months of the year from friends and congenial society and surroundings, a week of release spent in company with the laborers in the same field, whereby the routine of their duties may be varied and the perplexing questions that arise may be unraveled by a mutual interchange of views and sympathies, proves a welcome respite.

Every train that arrived on Monday brought its complement of teachers, the majority of whom were ladies, the arrivals during the first few days swelling the number, so that the full number in attendance approached 300—the largest attendance ever known in the county.

The session of Monday afternoon was devoted wholly to enrollment and organization. In the evening an address of welcome was delivered by E. L. Keenan, Esq., of the Smethport school board. It was listened to with close attention by the large audience of teachers and citizen visitors, and was well received. Prof. Horton, of Port Allegany, responded with a few impromptu and well chosen words. Prof. Yeats, of the Smethport schools, read Burns's "Cotter's Saturday Night" with correctness and effect. The Professor is himself a Scotchman, and rolled his tongue about the twisted Scotch idioms as easily as could the poet himself, but to understand him required the closest attention. A few remarks by Prof. Raub and a season of social intercourse closed the exercises of the evening.

At the morning session of Tuesday an informal teachers' meeting was held, with Miss Maggie Mullin as chairman. Mrs. Horton, of the Port Allegany schools, was called upon and exhibited some flowers which were cultivated in the Port Allegany school grounds. She said that much interest had been shown by the pupils in that work. Following this was a discussion upon ornamentation of school grounds and houses.

Prof. Raub, of the Lock Haven Normal School, then gave a lesson in grammar, after which Prof. Harrington organized the institute into a musical class.

At the afternoon informal session L. A. Parke, chairman, Miss Maggie Mullin read a paper upon "Our Directors." A general discussion upon "how to obtain fixtures for the school room," followed. Several teachers had resorted to entertainments, festivals, subscriptions, etc., with good results. The balance of the afternoon was devoted to instruction in grammar and music by Profs. Raub and Harrington.

In the evening Prof. Raub delivered a lecture upon the subject of "Some Educational Fallacies." It was largely attended by visitors and all were highly pleased. He showed by argument and sarcasm the weakness and ridiculousness of many of the fallacies and bobbies of both former and present times, and although the lecture was quite lengthy the audience was kept attentive and good humored to the close.

Wednesday morning—W. P. Eckels conducted the informal meeting. Walter A. Cooper gave an address upon "Qualifications of a Teacher."

Delegates from the W. C. T. U. of Bradford desired to bring before the institute the subject of teaching temperance in the common schools; consequently a motion was made and carried that the time of the afternoon informal meeting be given them for that purpose.

At the regular session Prof. Raub took up the subject of "Arithmetic." He believed that mental and written arithmetic should be combined; that pupils should deduce their own rules; that practical work should be done, as the writing of receipts, notes, drafts and checks. After recess Prof. Harrington gave a lesson in music.

Afternoon session—The first half hour was devoted to the subject of temperance. Mrs. Metcalf and Mrs. Wilson, delegates of the W. C. T. U. introduced the matter and gave cogent reasons for the scientific study of it in the schools. The following resolutions were introduced.

Resolved, That the subject of teaching in our public schools the nature of alcohol and its effect on the human system is worthy the careful consideration of every educator.

Resolved, That this Institute commend the subject of temperance instruction in the public schools, to the consideration of the teachers and boards of school directors of this commonwealth.

Prof. Raub then gave a lesson in grammar on the sentence "John was sent for," "Winter has set in," &c. The words "for" and "in" were considered parts of the verbs. Such plurals as "4's," "cupfuls," "attorney's-general," and the word "like" in its different uses were discussed. Roll call, recess, and a lesson in music consumed the remainder of the afternoon.

Thursday morning—I. M. Fleming was appointed to take charge of the informal meeting. W. P. Eckels being called upon gave a talk on the subject of teaching music in the common schools. A tuning-fork for an instrument and the hand with extended fingers for the staff he had successfully used. Messrs. Horton, Fleming and others took part in the discussion, all agreeing that music ought to be taught.

At the regular session Superintendent Campbell introduced the matter of electing a committee on permanent certificates. The following named persons were nominated: L. A. Parke, W. A. Cooper, Cleora Prosser, Rose Russell, Maud Nutt. Motion was made and carried that the secretary be instructed to cast a ballot for the nominees, whereupon they were declared elected.

The superintendent stated that it was illegal to renew certificates, and requested that no teacher ask him to do so, unless for the best reasons.

The institute was then given over to the school directors of the county, E. L. Keenan, Esq., being made chairman.

Prof. Geo. F. Stone, superintendent of the Bradford city schools, read a very interesting and instructive paper on "Natural Science in the Public Schools." He showed their practical, mental and moral value.

J. C. Boyce, of the Bradford school board, said that natural science should be taught because of its practical value; that pupils should learn those things which will enable them to earn their bread and butter; that the walls of the school room should be ornamented with the pictures of inventors rather than of poets and orators; that habits of accurate observation should be cultivated.

Professor Harrington said that he thought there was something beyond the practical to be learned; that painting, sculpture and music were sources of enjoyment and enlightenment that should, so far as possible, be placed within the reach of all, no matter what their calling.

J. M. McClure, of Bradford, said: Educate to fill the highest position of State, society and family. Men that have been most successful in getting bread have not always been the best citizens.

L. M. Fleming endorsed the study of natural science as cultivating the power to observe.

W. P. Eckels said one study might be pursued to the neglect of others thus leading to a one sided development.

Superintendent Campbell said that in the ungraded schools in the county there are already too many studies; that there are some things a pupil must know, consequently he thought it unwise to have in any of the ungraded schools regular class work in the natural sciences.

Roll call showed 131 enrolled.

Afternoon session—E. R. Mayo, of the Eldred school board, was introduced, and after reading from the school law to show that farmers as well as others were subject to an occupation tax, he proceeded to speak upon the "School Tax is the Best Tax." Men take pride in the value of their property, except when the assessor comes around. Many taxes are disagreeable, especially those for the support of criminals and paupers, but education prevents crime and pauperism. Statistics show that the great majority of criminals and paupers are illiterate. School tax stands for the difference between civilization and barbarism, it increases the value of property in the immediate vicinity, for the best people move where the best schools are. Intelligent labor commands best wages. In Pennsylvania the average cost to the State of each pupil per year of seven months is about fourteen dollars, which is cheaper than to support paupers and criminals. The speaker hoped compulsory attendance would soon be the rule as compulsory taxation now is.

J. M. McClure spoke upon the subject "For Whose Benefit is it?" Progress is more rapid as we come down to modern times. We are inclined to think that the greater part of civilization has been accomplished. Laws profess to insure the right to labor and to the earnings thereof, while such is often not done, as shown in frequent labor strikes where men who are so disposed are prevented by mobs from working. The law punishes crime, yet in the west mobs rule. Men always have voted and expect to vote with the same party. Our own legislature refuse to fulfill the constitution, which any schoolboy by a simple mathematical calculation could tell them how to do. Religious bigotry still exists. Courts deny justice. Many agencies are at work for the enlightment of the people, but the common school must do most to do away with these blots upon civilization.

Colonel Copeland, who came in during the afternoon, was called upon. He was glad to see improvement. Authorized so to do by resolutions, he brought greetings from the institutes of thirty six counties in this State. He described the director of the past, and remarked the contrast with the modern school director, representatives of whom had spoken to the institute. He delivered a characteristic address. Mistakes of directors and teachers were commented upon. Good things that were being done by each were also spoken of.

Letters from Messrs C. L. Wheeler, of Bradford, and J. H. Tate, of Clermont, expressing regret at not being able to attend the institute, were read.

Friday morning—Mr. Hopkins acted as chairman of the informal meeting. The subject of the county association was introduced. A motion was made and seconded that a county association be organized. After considerable discussion the motion was carried.

It having been discovered that a mistake had been made, there was a new election of committee on permanent certificates. Professor Yeats was appointed judge of election. The following were nominated: L. A. Parke, Cleora Prosser, Mrs. E. Horton, L. M. Fleming and O. W. Pearsall. Motion was made and carried that Professor Raub be instructed to cast a ballot for the nominees. This being done they were declared elected.

Professor Raub gave a talk on teaching reading. Before taking up his subject he stated, in regard to the adoption of text books, that the courts have decided that a series of text books cannot be legally adopted unless a meeting of directors and teachers be called for that purpose. But though this is the case, yet the votes of the directors only determine the matter. Taking up his subject the speaker said: If primary reading was properly taught there would be need of elocutionists. The child should understand what he reads, and should read as that others may understand. In the beginning an object or picture should be used and the word taught first; afterwards the letters of the word. Several sentences were used showing that different meanings may be expressed by emphasizing different words in the sentence. The speaker did not think it wise to antagonize to too great an extent the local pronunciation of such words as ask, glass, etc.

Friday afternoon—Professor Raub made some remarks in the course of which he said: The object in school work is to train pupils to think. Common sense in the school room is more important than theory. A number of illustrations were given showing that pupils often know words rather than ideas.

Professor Harrington said in regard to music that he believed the time to be coming when the law will require the teaching of music; it assists discipline; has an elevating influence.

An informal meeting was then held, Miss Simpson in the chair. The executive committee retired to make arrangements for meeting during the year. A recess was taken, after which L. M. Fleming reported in behalf of the executive committee that J. J. McCarty had been elected president and L. M. Fleming secretary; that the meeting would be held at Kendall, Jan. 26 and 26, 1884.

Colonel Copeland made a closing speech. He spoke of the good feeling that existed among the teachers. The greatest benefit in an institute comes from the social feature. Teachers should stand by each other. His remarks were of some length and delivered with much earnestness.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

In consideration of the pleasures and benefits we have derived from our institute, be it resolved,

1st—That we sincerely thank the railroad company and hotels for their reduction of rates; the Morrison sisters, of Bradford, for the use of a piano; the Baptist society for the use of their organ; the Smethport band and St. Luke's choir for their excellent music; the citizens of Smethport for the interest manifested in our institute; the instructors for their teaching, and especially Professor Raub for the particularly practical character of his instructions; and the parents, not teachers, who came from distant parts of the county to meet with us.

2d—That we as teachers appreciate to the fullest extent the efforts of our worthy county superintendent in providing for us as pleasant and profitable instructions.

3rd—That we thankfully recognize the interest manifested by the directors in their meeting, and that we concur in the remarks of Mr. Mayo, of Eldred, on the subject of "The School Tax the Best Tax."

4th—That we send greeting by Colonel Copeland, our able and entertaining lecturer, to all bodies of teachers to be visited by him.

5th—That we have been especially favored in the absence of death from our number during the past year.

6th—That as we must sympathize with some one, we hereby extend our heartfelt sympathy to those of our number who have been married since our last meeting.

7th—That we censure those teachers of the county who remained at home from lack of interest in educational matters.

MAGGIE MULLIN,
CLEORA PROSSER,
W. P. ECKELS,
Com.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock a. m. Holy Communion at 10.30 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m.

Death of Mrs. Belle Carroll.

The Lockport *Union* of Monday announces the death of Mrs. Belle Carroll, wife of Dr. Thos. H. Carroll, and the arrival of her remains in that city. The deceased was born at Lockport, N. Y., in October, 1850, and was married to Dr. Carroll April 26, 1882, at Buffalo, N. Y. Receiving an appointment as surgeon on the Northern Pacific, Dr. Carroll at once removed to Montana, Mrs Carroll following in December. Since then they have resided in Bozeman, Mrs. Gould, mother of Mrs. Carroll, has been some months the guests of her children.

The Bozeman, Montana, *Chronicle*, of October 10th, says of the sickness and death of Mrs. Carroll:

The death of Mrs. Thomas H. Carroll Sunday evening last was a severe blow to not only the husband and mother of the lady but to a large circle of friends. The disease, so fatal in its result, developed suddenly, instantaneously, it may be said, during the momentary absence of Dr. Carroll, who refusing other calls in order to remain near his wife, had shortly before the attack, left her side—to which he was hurriedly summoned only to find the being he loved better than life itself in a state of unconsciousness from which she did not recover.

She was first attacked about 11:30 p. m., Saturday, and during that night and the next day, five physicians in addition to husband were in almost constant attendance and everything that medical skill could suggest was done. But without avail. At 8 Sunday evening death resulted.

Some three hours prior to the last end scene, a little girl destined to be born but to die was ushered into existence. The loving wife and daughter was not permitted to realize the fruition of her fondest hopes—the clasping to her bosom of the babe whose coming she daily expected. Death has claimed both.

The Firemen's Fair.

The firemen's fair at Kittredge Opera House, which will close this evening, has been an unbounded success. The attendance of Wednesday and last evenings was large, and all of our people and visitors strove to give the boys a rousing benefit. No organization deserves it more, and if called out upon duty the boys will work with a will, knowing that their labors are appreciated.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

List of Transfers of Real Estate Entered for Record in the Recorder's Office During the Past Week.

Hiram Eastin and wife to R. B. Stone, lot in Bradford city, for ..... $ 1 00
Geo. Riddell to Ralph C. Spaulding, lot in Bradford city, for.. 500 00
Trustee H. B. Hamlin to Stephen Hull, land in Sergeant township, for 7 66
Willard Taylor and wife to Mary Jane Campbell; land in Annin township, for 75 00
C. H. Martin and wife to John Satterfield; land in Otto township, for 500 00
Jacob Heckel and wife to Isaac Dunkelberger; lot in Bradford city, for 900 00
O. A. Hotchkiss et. al. to Albert Hochstetter; land in Bradford township, for 3200 00
Albert Hochstetter and wife to Ashby Brown; land in Bradford township, for 3000 00
Mary E. Aldrich and husband to Dennis Titus; land in Alton village, for 350 00
A. M. Benton and wife to Frederick Cunham, et. al.; land in Liberty township, for 730 00
Delia M. Soule and husband to Robert F. Borchman; lot in Bradford city, for 2000 00
W. A. Brikrig, et. al.; to D. F. Millspaugh; land in Foster township, for 1900 00
D. F. Millspaugh to H. C. Sherman, et. al.; land in Foster township, for 4800 00
A. M. Benton and wife to F. H. Root; lot in Port Allegany borough, for 420 00
Laura A. Edgett and husband to John Johnson; land in Bradford township, for 7000 00
D. G. Fraser, by Att'y, to Edward P. Hyt; land in Otto township, for 812 50
D. G. Fraser et. al. to The McCalmont Farm Co. Limited; land in Otto township, for.... 8950 00
McCalmont Farm Co. Limited to McCalmont Oil Co.; land in Otto township, for 1 00
Sheriff A. J. Wilcox to E. G. Brown; lot in Smethport borough, for 196 00
Trustees First Baptist Church, Smethport, to E. G. Brown; lot in Smethport borough, for.. 230 00
Zimri West, trustee, to Jennie K. Parse; land in Lafayette township, for 160 00
E. R. Lewis, et. al. to Alfred Short; land in Bradford township, for 1 00
Alfred Short and wife to R. H. Olmsted; land in Bradford township, for 2000 00
Cooper Taylor and wife to Wm. J. McVey; land in Otto township, for 600 00
C. M. Newell to Phineas Ford; lot in Bradford city, for 200 00
James H. Hutchinson and wife to James M. Robinson; lot in Bradford city, for 1 00
James M. Robinson to Geo. S. Stewart; lot in Bradford city, for 300 00
N. S. Smiley, trustee, to same; lot in Bradford city, for 100 00
Charles M. Newell and wife to same; lot in Bradford city, for 100 00
Wallace L. Hardman to same; lot in Bradford city, for 1 00
Henry S. Tuchel and wife to Duncan R. Stewart; lot in Bradford city, for 700 00
Charles M. Newell and wife to same; lot Bradford city, for.. 1200 00
L. M. Dennis and wife to F. G. Hall; lot in Eldred borough for 200 00
Sheriff A. J. Wilcox, to Geo. A. Berry; lot in Bradford city, for 10 00

Largest Stock Hats—Greenewalds', opposite the Riddell House, Bradford, Pa.

BRADFORD.

Senator Emery and family are comfortably settled in their new and elegantly furnished house on Congress street. Mr. Emery purchased the old Kingsbury house last spring, and has had it thoroughly remodeled and enlarged. The rooms are commodious and well arranged, and the house is supplied with all the conveniences of water and gas, and good sewerage. The genial owner will have ample scope in his new home to gratify his hospitable nature.

Charles Brown, of Limestone, met a tragic death on Sunday by being run over by the cars between Limestone and Carrollton. He was supposed to have been under the influence of liquor at the time. His mangled remains were found strewn along the track, his head being entirely severed from the body. He must have been instantly killed as his hands were found in his pants' pockets. He leaves a wife and six children.

The sudden changes in the weather make colds in the head common grievances. Apropos, it may be mentioned that a Tarport genius is studying on an invention which he proposes to call the "Automatic Nose Wiper for Children." It is self-acting, and is intended to perform that interesting operation every thirty seconds.

D. S. Kays, a member of the "Nebraska Mutual Aid Colony" returned from Northern Nebraska on Friday of last week. He is looking hale and hearty, and says that the members of the colony who located along the Nebraska river are doing well, having raised fine crops of corn, potatoes, etc., from sod ground. He will remain with his family this winter and return in the spring.

The horrible death of Louis Titus, a young Indian, near Carrollton, which resulted from being run over by the cars, calls to mind an incident in the life of his grandfather, old John Titus, which occurred several years ago. John got full of fire water and laid down on the track somewhere between Salamanca and Great Valley. As he lay there asleep an east bound train came along, and scooped him up on to the cow-catcher. The fireman crawled out and held what was supposed to be his Indian body until they reached Great Valley. There they stopped the train and lifted him off, when they were surprised to find that he could stand up and was unhurt. When the train pulled out he was cursing them for having lost his hat.

The remains of A. B. Irwin, who died last week, were buried at Oak Hill cemetery on Monday.

The first flurry of snow of the season was seen on Monday morning.

The temperature was not quite what it should have been to make it agreeable to sit up to see the eclipse of the moon on Tuesday morning, yet many of our young unmarried friends bore the ordeal with great fortitude. Such devotion to science is commendable.

Dr. Bwest, E. H. Scott and wife and several others are absent on a trip to Florida.

Company C, as a militia company, has been impatient to hear the order to "march up the hill" to DuBois to assist in bringing the disorderly strikers to time, but individually many knees have been shaky, and a good deal of alarm has prevailed. The danger has passed, however.

Capt. Fox, who was injured in the recent Erie accident, is recovering, but is still unable to leave his bed. In addition to the cuts on his forehead and face, he sustained burns on the head and back, which were of a serious nature. It will be a long time before he fully recovers.

W. R. Johns, a well known oil country journalist, and recently editor of the Clarion *Republican*, was a visitor to this city this week.

"Fun in a Boarding House" will amuse the theatre goers next Monday evening.

Miss L. Flagg Thayer, the artist, who has had a studio in the Newell block has gone to New York, where she expects to remain for sometime.

About three o'clock on Tuesday the Ruslander building next door to the oil exchange was discovered to be on fire. The origin of the fire was in the law office of Sullivan & Huey, and the flames made such fierce headway that before water could be procured the upper story was completely enveloped. A powerful stream of water from the United Hose soon subdued the fire, not, however, until the roof was destroyed and the adjoining wooden building of Solomon & Co., somewhat damaged. Business in the exchange for a few moments was entirely suspended, and the first stream of water had scarcely fallen on the fire before "a quarter for old" again rang through the gallery, and rules went on as before. But little damage was done to the oil exchange, and a few hundred dollars will repair the damage done to the Ruslander building. The latter was recently vacated by Jacob Chmielinsky, who removed to Salamanca, and had been rented to Thomas Goodwin, who had carpenters at work remodeling it for restaurant purposes. Mr. Goodwin was up stairs at the time the fire originated. He and Mount Sullivan had lighted cigars and thrown the matches down and retired to a rear room. On returning the fire was discovered, with above results.

The laborers employed on the grading for the Rochester & Pittsburg shops struck for higher wages a few days since, but their places were supplied by new men, and work was not materially retarded.

A telephone has been put into the R. & P. depot.

A building for a restaurant is being put up near the R. & P. depot.

E. J. Oaks and R. J. Ward, of Otto, N. Y., and O. S. Ward, of Chicago, paid a visit to the great Kinzua bridge Wednesday. On their return E. J. Oaks stepped off in this city to visit friends.

"The Ten Mile Crossing," on Monday evening, "The Rajah" on Tuesday evening and the Wilbur opera company in "Patience" on Wednesday evening, constitute the attractions at the opera house this week.

Pole on shutes is said to be an improvement on base ball for dispensing hard knocks.

J. C. Sheraker, of Pittsburg, was in the city this week visiting his daughters, Misses Mollie and Sophie Sahmaker, of the telephone exchange.

Considerable excitement was created in the exchange Tuesday afternoon by A. B. Smith and Capt. Jones charging C. P. Stevenson with having sent a despatch to New York stating that the well on 921, Cherry Grove, was doing 150 barrels an hour. Mr. Stevenson denied having sent it out. It was shown that a despatch was sent by some one saying that it was reported from Oil City that the well was doing ten barrels an hour, when it was well known in the Bradford exchange at the time that the well was dry as a bone. This bit of news caused a break in prices of two cents, and quite a very near scrabble a serious panic. [illegible]

Stevenson brought Mr. Smith before the arbitration committee on a charge of having used offensive language. Mr. Smith was found guilty and Mr. Stevenson was thereby exonerated.

The publication of the city ordinance providing for the issuing of city bonds for the purpose of constructing an improved system of water supply in this city, seems to fix beyond controversy that we are to have a more complete system of water works. The question will be now, when can this supply be obtained? If this scheme which has been in process of consideration so long be properly carried out, there is no doubt about the benefits that will accrue.

A curious anomaly: The physician in this city who voted for a new water supply for sanitary reasons.

The newly wedded pair—Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Smith, have returned from their wedding trip and gone to housekeeping.

John F. O'Donnell, of Dunkirk, brother of D. O'Donnell of this city, died recently.

The Bent House is one of the best kept hotels in town.

Rev. R. H. Jackson, of the A. M. E. church, has been succeeded by Rev. R. M. Henderson.

The general verdict is that Thomas Osborne is a model tax collector.

The Johnson—Newell foot race which was to come off at the driving park last Saturday did not take place. Johnson was on hand but Newell was not. Johnson claims the money by default, and Newell claims a draw on the ground that he understood that Goodrich, the manager of the park, would not permit the race to be run unless he received $100. Who says that this was a way of backing out of what might have been a defeat for Newell? We don't say so.

The explanation of how the fire in the Ruslander building originated fully proves that the cry of incendiarism is often an unjust and malicious charge.

TRAGEDY AT HINSDALE.

Three Men Shot By An Olean Rough—One of the Victims Dead—The Dead Commanded by Wesley Beers.

We condense from the Olean *Democrat* the following account of a murderous crime at Hinsdale:

A murderous tragedy was enacted in Hinsdale, seven miles north of this city early last Saturday evening. Two characters well known in Olean, Wesley Beers, white, and George Norris, colored, started out from Olean with a couple of women, supposed to be their wives, in a couple of dilapidated wagons each drawn by one horse. From the fact that the party was supplied with guns, whisky, beer, fish, bread, etc., it is evident that they started out for a high old time. They arrived at Hinsdale about 7 o'clock, the men being by this time pretty drunk. They stopped at several places and endeavored unsuccessfully to obtain liquor. At this time a young man named Albert Hinman drove around the corner with a load of wood. The negro's horse and wagon was in the road, and he seemed in no hurry to move, young Hinman asked him to get out of the way. Norris replied with a drunken oath, and staggered along the road leading his horse by the bits and Hinman turned his horses out to one side attempted to drive past him. This was kept up for the distance of eight or ten rods, when Hinman succeeded in getting past the negro and drove down the road a distance of ten or fifteen rods where he turned into Anthony's yard and proceeded to unhitch his horses. At this time Beers was at the Norton House trying to get liquor, in which he was unsuccessful. The women were ahead in the other wagon. They stopped in the road opposite Hinman's barn and the residence of John Miller, Jr., and waited for the men to come up. By this time Hinman had unhitched his team and started to the barn. Norris came along and the quarrel was renewed. Norris swore he would kill Hinman, who challenged him to do his worst. At this time two men came up and Ed. Shores asked Higgins what was the matter. Hinman replied that Norris had threatened to kill him. Beers arrived in time to hear this and took up the quarrel in behalf of the negro, saying, "Damn you, I will kill you." After a few more angry words Beers secured a gun from the wagon and grasping the barrel struck at Hinman but missed his aim. The gun struck the ground with such force that it was broken, the stock being severed from the barrel. Beers then started to climb into the wagon, when Hinman threw a stick of wood which struck him in the back. Beers however got into the wagon and started on past the other team. Then it seemed that the trouble might be at an end, as no one attempted to pursue the retreating quartette.

Hinman, Ed. Shoens and Jno. Miller, Jr., began talking about the disturbance and Hinman's narrow escape from injury. Charles Bandfield and Charlie McWilliams then came up to the group. In another moment a shot was fired by Beers who had got out of the wagon and stood near it. Charley McWilliams was struck by four balls, in the arm, back and hips. He was thickly clad and his wounds are of a very trifling character. Freddie Miller, a little boy, received a slight wound in the arm. Charles Bandfield, the unfortunate victim, received a shot in the upper right side of the bowels. He threw up his hands and cried, "I am shot, I am shot!" and sank to the earth. He was conveyed to the office of Brownson & Vincent, the latter of whom probed for the ball, but without success, and he knew that the wound was mortal.

After Beers shot he threw the gun into the ditch and got into the wagon, when the whole party attempted to escape by urging their horses to the utmost. But they were not allowed to do so, Hinman, Shores and John and James Miller started in pursuit and overtook the negro who was in the rear wagon with the women just before they reached the railroad crossing on the Olean road. He was secured after a sharp struggle, by Hinman and John Miller, but not until he had received some pretty rough usage.

Charles Bandfield, the victim of the tragedy lingered, most of the time unconscious, until 3 p. m. Sunday, when he expired. He was a single man, 20 years of age, a partner of J. W. Horsemen in the hardware business. He was a quiet, inoffensive man and had not a word in the row. Hearing the disturbance he had just left the store for a moment, and came up to the group just in time to get his death wound. This is the saddest feature of the case, that the dead man was one who did nothing, said not a word in provoke and incident the cowardly outrage to the crime.

Wesley Beers, the man who did the shooting, has the reputation of being a hard ticket, and when under the influence of liquor, is very wild and dangerous. He took them to Olean, Pa., but has spent the most of his life at hard labor in and about Olean.

Underwear and Furnishing Goods—Greatest Variety—Greenewalds', Largest Clothiers and Furnishers. Opposite Riddell House, Bradford, Pa.

PERSONAL MENTION

L. B. Booher has returned from a trip to Boston.

Mrs. A. E. Taylor leaves soon for an extended trip to the west.

Joshua Davis, of Kane, was in town this week and called at the MINER office. Sorry we were not in.

Gen. Hatt. Halsey, of New York, paid us the compliment of a visit on Wednesday, while tarrying in the borough.

At a meeting of the grand lodge of the Knights of Honor of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg last week, Col. J. A. Ege, of Bradford, was elected one of the representatives to the supreme lodge, and J. A. Lindsey, of the same city, one of the committee on law and supervision.

Commissioner Palmer has just returned from a trip to Boston and Commissioner Johnson is in New York city. If these gentlemen are running for nominations, as we would be led to suppose from reading democratic newspapers, they are foolish to be wandering about distant cities at this time.

Among the callers at the MINER office this week was J. T. Griffith, of Kane, one of the most enterprising business men of that village. Mr. Griffith is a large lumberman and manufacturer of cherry lumber, a substantial and prosperous citizen, a staunch republican and one of our oldest and most valued subscribers. Such a certificate of character but few are worthy of.

G. F. Stone, J. M. McClure and J. C. Boyce piloted the handsome Bradford City school-marm over to the institute yesterday. The manner in which these fortunate gentlemen accomplished the duties devolving upon them was simply admirable. With the sense of fatherly and protecting care there was evidently a subdued and restrained feeling of boyish abandon and adolescent gallantry intensely interesting to a spectator of psychological turn of mind. That we were on the train, and knew they were all married men, may have been the cause of the subdued expression of the latter feeling. Who would not be a city superintendent or director where it is the law that no teacher beyond a certain age or without attractive personal appearance need apply?

Three Nights of Wonder.

Signor La Cardo, the great magician, ventriloquist and gift showman, will favor our citizens with his wonderful and humorous entertainments and gift festivals at Kittredge's opera house, Oct. 24, 25 and 26. As a dispenser of numerous and valuable presents he has no equal. Read what is said of him:

"La Cardo gave us one of his capital entertainments. His talking hand was well worth the price of admission. The presents distributed were more than looked for by the audience. He can always get a good house in our town.—Williamsport *Sunday*.

Signor La Cardo, the great magician and ventriloquist, held forth to large and delighted audiences at Red Rock and Gilmour on Friday and Saturday nights respectively.—Bradford *Sunday*.

Baptist Church Items.

Services next Sunday at the usual hours. Subject of the evening sermon: "No Salvation without the Bible."

Preaching and Sunday School at East Smethport at 3 o'clock p. m.

A male quartette, composed of Messrs. M. O. Campbell, B. T. Downey, W. Z. Georgia and C. A. Burdick now conduct the singing in the church.

Terms of Court.

At the last term of court Judge Olmsted made an order fixing the regular terms of court as follows:

Second Monday of December, continuing two weeks.

Fourth Monday of February, continuing one week.

Fourth Monday of May, continuing two weeks.

First Monday of October, continuing two weeks.

Argument terms will be held commencing the first Tuesday after the first Monday of every month except July and August, and except the months of March and November, which shall be the first Tuesday after the second Monday.

This order as to the regular terms takes effect the fourth Monday of February, and as to argument terms in November. Until that time courts will be held as heretofore.

Boy's and Children's Clothing. Largest assortment. Lowest prices—Greenewalds', 124 Main st., Bradford, Pa.

Swayne's Pills—Comforting to the Sick

Thousands die from neglect to properly treat [illegible] was Blood, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Apoplexy, Liver, Kidney, Blood Diseases, Dropsy, and Rheumatism. Get to the doctor—[illegible] with each package what you want, [illegible] recommend "SWAYNE'S PILLS." Price [illegible] Prepared by SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists.

JEWELRY
of all descriptions.
SILVER-WARE
The Best Made.
POCKET CUTLERY
TOYS,
A Full Assortment.
SPECTACLES
AND
EYE-GLASSES
And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.
I Will match the
'ROCKFORD'
Watches against the world for time and money
All kinds of
REPAIRING
a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.
Call and See us.
M. L. Armstrong,
MAIN St. SMETHPORT, PA.

CALL ON
C. L. DOUGLASS
For Your
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.
He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of
SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.
Feed and Meal
of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Call and leave him a share of custom.

MISCELLANEOUS

E. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

Store connected with sleeping room, for night calls.

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES.

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

DRUG & BOOK STORE

OF

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

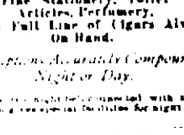
W. T. CALLAR,

DEALER IN

DRUGS & MEDICINES!

TOILET ARTICLES,

Stationery, Etc, Etc.



ALSO, PURE

Wines & Liquors.

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

W. T. CALLAR,
SMETHPORT, PA.

OR

C. V. CILLIS,

dealer in

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

SMETHPORT, PA.

COPYING AND ENLARGING

Landscape and Viewing

Picture Frames of all Kinds.

BERGSTRESSER'S

W. W. RUSS. E. W. RUSS.

W. W. RUSS & SON,

Dealers in

FURNITURE,

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

Repairing and Upholstering Done.

No. 45 Main Street,

BRADFORD, PENN'A.

☞ We guarantee that parties wishing furniture can do as well with us as any house in Bradford or anywhere else.

Specht & Sasse.

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls promptly at their residence.

MISCELLANEOUS

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

KIDNEY-WORT

FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF

CONSTIPATION.

No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.

PILES. This distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort thoroughly regulates the bowels and quickly removes all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have failed.

If you have either of these troubles

PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell

KIDNEY-WORT

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 13th, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 8, 1883-tf.

J. C. HAMLIN,

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

☞ Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not lower, than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1882. 1y

FINE MILLINERY.

SPLENDID

Spring and Summer Styles

Plain Ruchings Veilings, Knitting Silks, Worsteds & Notions.

All orders personally or by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.

Prices warranted as pioneer.

Miss E. CARSON,

In Kittredge Block, Smethport, Pa.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

We employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

All our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT OUR SHOP and we will convince you that we can do better by you than can any factory concern.

OLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 26, 1882.

McKean County Miner

REPUBLICAN DEFEAT IN OHIO.

Attitude of the Ohio Prohibitionists—The Intention of the Party to Defeat the Republicans.

A special to the *Tribune* of Saturday from Mansfield, Ohio, says: Ferdinand Schumacher, who was the prohibition candidate for governor, said last night: "I understand that the republicans are charging us with their defeat. I hope they will come to believe it; that is what we intended to do. This talk about our giving them a serpent's sting is nonsense. We owed them nothing. They submitted the prohibition amendment simply because 357,000 people asked for it. It was not to please our little party, but to meet a popular demand. If, after submitting it, they had given it the slightest encouragement, there would have been grounds for complaint if we had taken votes from them; but they were indifferent to us, and passed and advocated a tax bill to which we were not friendly. Governor Foster in an address last winter painted the evils of the liquor traffic as vividly as any prohibitionist could have done it, attributing seven eighths of all crime to its evils. Had his party been brave enough to live up to that doctrine they would have had the 15,000 or 20,000 votes that our ticket is said to have polled. We beat them last year. We have beaten them now, and if they want a third whipping we will be ready to give it."

"Do you anticipate a repetition next year of the recent temperance agitation?"

"Yes; only we will be stronger. Revolutions never go backward. We shall carry the issue into national politics, where you will find it asserting itself all over the country. The question has often been put to me by republican friends, 'Do you want an alliance with the republicans?' 'Not unless they seek it,' I have always replied. 'But' they say, 'you can't expect 350,000 people to go to 50,000.' 'There was,' I reply, 'only one abolitionist originally; the whole nation went to him.'"

"Do you look for legislation in your direction this winter?"

"We can't expect much from a democratic legislature—still no one knows what may happen. I think the amendment would have carried if either party had printed 'Yes' on party tickets, leaving voters to scratch it if they wished. I believe it fell short 100,000 votes in that way of a deliberate expression of popular feeling. If it had carried neither party could have afforded to ignore it. We are now without funds. It required a great deal of money to keep the counties filled with speakers and to do our printing. A few of us paid in the blood money saved in taxes by the operation of the Scott law, but otherwise we had to depend on collections, which furnished a precarious income. We have exhausted for the war, however, and in a little while shall be ready for another rally."

The Ohio Judiciary Amendment.

New York Herald, October 11.

The judiciary amendment to the constitution of Ohio, which is reported to have been carried on Tuesday, has attracted little general attention, but its adoption will work an important change in the judiciary system of the State.

The amendment abolishes the existing district courts and establishes in their place circuit courts, which, like the district courts, are intermediate appellate tribunals. But the most radical change is that relating to the supreme court. The legislature is empowered to increase the number of judges without limit, and to distribute the court into divisions. All cases involving the constitutionality of an act of the legislature or a federal statute must be decided by the entire court. In other cases the decision of a division, if unanimous, is final; if not unanimous, it must go before the full bench.

This plan of dividing the court of last resort has not, we believe, been adopted in any other State. Representative Manning proposed to apply it to the supreme court of the United States, but the proposition met with little favor. There are many and serious objections to it, and it may be doubted whether the Ohio judiciary has been improved by this feature of the amendment.

Another Case of Kidney Disease Cured By Rheumatic Syrup.

FURNACE VILLAGE, N. Y., Mar. 8, '83.

Gents—Fifteen years ago I had a very severe attack of rheumatism, which settled in my back and hips, and much of the time for the last five years I have been unable to attend to my business; for weeks and weeks at a time I have been unable to turn in my bed or to feed myself. I have tried many remedies, and two years ago I consulted one of the most celebrated physicians in the State, who pronounced it kidney disease, but I grew worse all of the time during his treatment. I heard your Rheumatic Syrup highly recommended, and I tried it, and before I had used two bottles all pain had left me, and to day I can get about and am able to attend to my business, and am improving rapidly every day. I am confident that the Rheumatic Syrup, if taken as directed, will cure any case of rheumatism or kidney disease. I am most respectfully yours,

GARRET AMMERMAN, Overseer of Poor

EX SECRETARY BLAINE has nearly completed his history "From Lincoln to Garfield," for which, it is said, he has been offered $100,000. It is also said that he contemplates writing a history of the war of 1812.

A Great Problem

Take All the

Kidney and Liver Medicines

BLOOD Purifiers,

RHEUMATIC Remedies.

Dyspepsia

And Indigestion Cures.

Ague, Fever,

And Bilious Specifics.

Brain and Nerve

Force Revivers.

Great Health

Restorers.

IN SHORT, TAKE ALL THE BEST qualities of all these, and the best qualities of all the best medicines of the world and you will find that HOP BITTERS possess that best combination, qualities, powers and curative properties which make them the most wonderful, successful and valuable medicine in the world, and that they will cure when any or all of these other medicines or remedies can do the least good. A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Rheumatic SYRUP.

The Greatest Blood Purifier Known!

RHEUMATISM CURED.	SCROFULA CURED.	NEURALGIA CURED.
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Apl. 9th, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co.:* GENTS—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism for six years, and hearing of the success of Rheumatic Syrup, I concluded to give it a trial in my own case, and I cheerfully say that I have been greatly benefited by its use. I can walk with entire freedom from pain and my general health is very much improved. It is a splendid remedy for the blood and debilitated system. E. CHESLER PARK, M. D.	PORT BYRON, N. Y., Feb. 10, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co.:* I had been doctoring for three or four years, with different physicians, for scrofula, up until I concluded to buy your Syrup. After taking it a short time, to my surprise it began to help me. I continued to use it for two weeks, found myself as well as ever. As a blood purifier, I think it has no equal. MRS. WILLIAM STRANG	PALMYRA, N. Y., March 13, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co.:* GENTS—Since November, 1882, I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and have not known what it was to be free from pain, until I commenced taking your Syrup. At the time of Rheumatic Syrup, I have not pain since using the remedy I have ever heard of for purifying the blood and for the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia. W. H. CHASE.

Manufactured by RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., 1 Plymouth Ave., Rochester, N. Y.

JOHN DIGEL'S MARBLE WORKS.

Monumental and Mantel Designs

EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLE FROM EITHER

MARBLE OR SLATE.

Water Street - - - - Smethport, Pa.

H. W. RUBIN,

DEALER IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

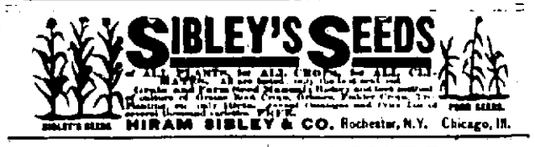
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all of such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment of

Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS



HIRAM SIBLEY & CO. Rochester, N.Y. Chicago, Ill.

EVERYBODY GOES TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked,

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

VEAL AND HIDES

☞ CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st

J. F. ROONEY.

NEW

Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., always on hand.

—ALSO.—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

Highest market price paid for Hides.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - - Smethport, Pa.

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

At The Bennett House Barn.

G. M. & C. H. MINER, Proprietors

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT March 10, 1881.—tf

Smethport SASH FACTORY.

Near the McKean & Buffalo Depot.

Sash, Doors and Blinds, Matching, Mouldings, Brackets, Planing, Turning, Etc.,

On Hand and Furnished at Short Notice.

J. C. Strong, Prop'r.

HOW MANY MILES DO YOU DRIVE THE ODOMETER WILL TELL.

This instrument is no larger than a watch. It tells the exact number of miles driven to the 1000th part of a mile; counts up to 1,000 miles, when it starts again. It is simple, durable, never gets out of order, and will last a lifetime. Any one can set it. Every horse owner should have one. It is a correct guide to the speed of your horse. It is a sure preventive of overdriving. The proper speed to drive a horse is from 8 to 10 miles per hour. Ask your driver if he drives faster than this. If he does, he is injuring your horse. The Odometer will tell you. It is a reliable guide to the value of a horse. Ask your driver if he does not drive more than 10 miles per hour